Equality Commission



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Outline

- Role of the Equality Commission
- Fair Employment legislation in Northern Ireland
- Positive/affirmative action in religion
- Impact on employment composition
- Lessons from Northern Ireland experience





Background to the Fair Employment Legislation

- Inequalities in Employment
- Inequalities in Housing
- Voting rights
- Education
- The Civil unrest
- Political pressure to bring about change





The Fair Employment (NI) Act 1976

- The Fair Employment Agency
- Complaints of discrimination
- Investigations
- Declaration of Principle and Intent
- SACHR Review 1987





1989 Act: Pro Active Practice of Equality on Grounds of Religious Belief and Political Opinion

- Registration
- Statutory monitoring
- Regular reviews of employment policies practices and procedures
- Fair participation
- Affirmative Action
- Goals and timetables





Monitoring

- Annual Return By standard occupational classification, gender and community background (religion)
- No legal obligation on individuals to complete questionnaire
- Very high levels of compliance



Monitoring

Who should be monitored?

- Employees (part-time and full-time)
- Applicants
- Appointees
- Apprentices
- Public Authorities & 250 + employers
 - promotees
 - leavers





Article 55 Reviews

- Review of Monitoring Data
- Review of employment practices
- Assessment of "fair participation"
- Role of Employer/Equality Commission





Positive/Affirmative Action

Mechanism for change. Action designed to secure fair participation in employment by members of the Protestant or Roman Catholic community by means including

- Adopting practices encouraging such participation
- Modifying or abandoning practices that have or may have the effect of restricting discouraging such participation.





Affirmative Action

- Encouraging Applications
- Redundancy
- Targeted Training (Located in specific area but open to both communities)
- Recruitment from those not in employment
- Religion Specific Training

(Section 76 of FETO 1999) Permission needed from Equality Commission).





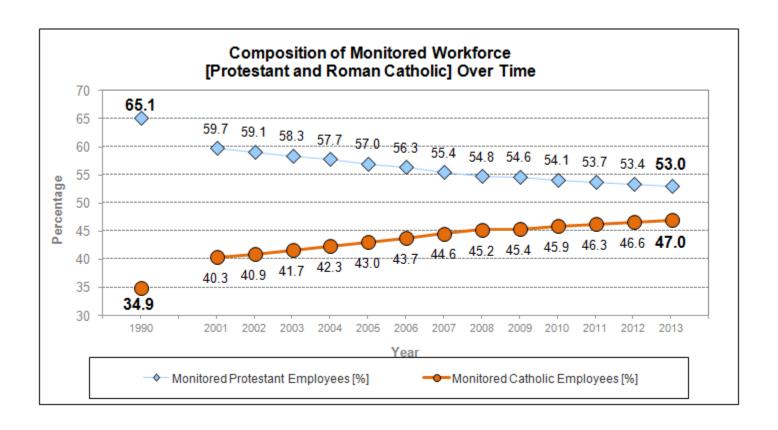
Employer Support

- Training Programmes
- Employer Networks
- Links to Employer Organisations
- Working with individual employers
- Working with other public sector organisations
- E-zines
- Enquiry line
- Website
- Good practice publications





Chart 1: Composition of the monitored workforce over time (since 2001, with 1990 data for illustrative purposes)





Case Study: Policing

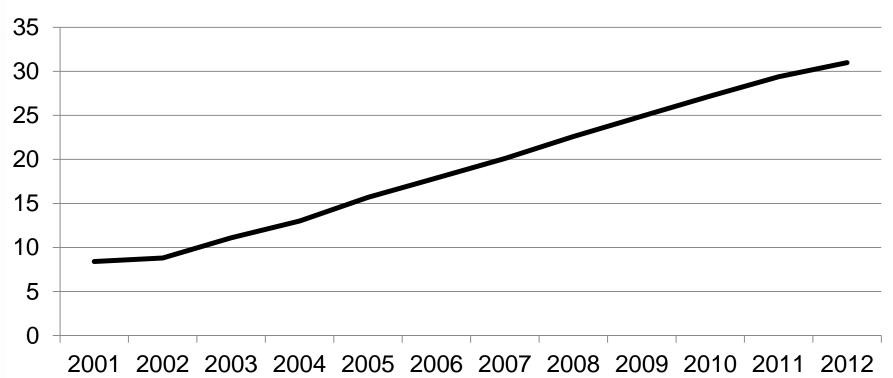
- Historic under-representation of Roman Catholics
- Lack of progress using permitted outreach
- Patten Report
- Culture, ethos, symbols, name
- 50/50 recruitment for 10 years
- Results?
- Challenges for PSNI post 50/50?





Police Service for Northern Ireland

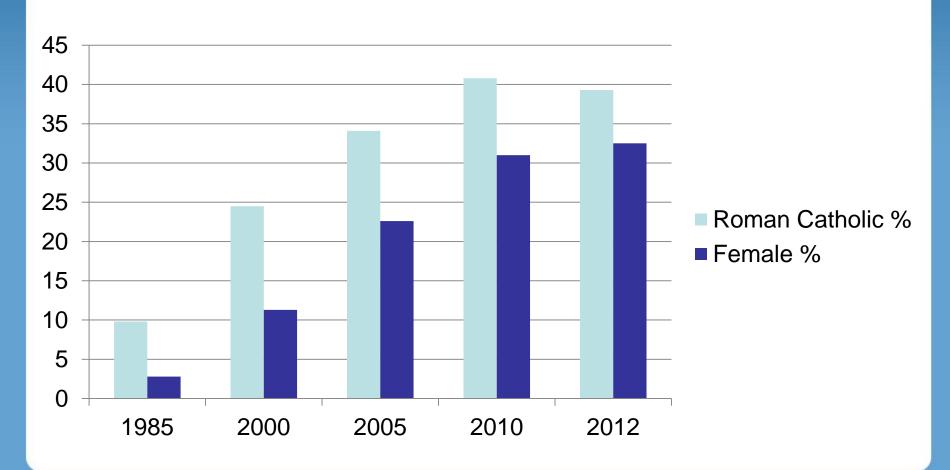
% Roman Catholic Police Officers







Roman Catholic & Female Shares of Senior Civil Service Posts







Compositional Changes in Private Sector Employers

	1991	2013
Ulster Carpet Mills Ltd	[7.1%]	[19.7%]
Charles Hurst Ltd	[15.3%]	[25.6%]
Balcas Timber Ltd	[29.4%]	[50%]



Impact

- High levels of compliance with the duties
- Decrease in segregated workplaces
- More integrated and balanced workforces
- Improvement in employment practices
- Some pockets of under-representation remain
- Roman Catholic share of aggregate workforce close to what might be expected





Lessons from Northern Ireland

- Strong legislation
- Commitment from senior management and building relationships
- Affirmative/positive action to attract applicants
- Monitoring and reporting on progress
- Policies, practices and procedures which promote equality, particularly those related to recruitment and selection (a rising tide lifts all boats!)
- Equality training for managers and supervisors
- Good and harmonious working environment